

The names of the notes, their duration, and how to count them (K-3):



- Quarter Note
- 1 count

Du



--- 2 Eighth Notes
---- 1 count

Du De



- Half Note
- 2 counts

Du-u



- 4 Sixteenth Notes
- 1 count

Du-tuh-de-tuh



- Dotted Half Note
- 3 counts

Du-u-u



- Quarter Rest
- 1 silent count

Sh

The names of the notes, their duration, and how to count them (4-5):

The # symbol means that the note is counted based on what beat it falls on in the measure.

$\frac{2}{4}$

- 2 beats per measure

$\frac{3}{4}$

- 3 beats per measure

$\frac{4}{4}$

- 4 beats per measure



- Quarter Note
- 1 count

#



2 Eighth Notes
1 count

+



- Half Note
- 2 counts

-



- 4 Sixteenth Notes
- 1 count

e + a



- Whole Note
- 4 counts

- - -



- Eight Note
- $\frac{1}{2}$ count

or +



- Dotted Half Note
- 3 count

- -




- Whole Note
- 4 counts




- Quarter Rest
- 1 silent count

Continue on for more notes, common pairings/examples. - in a count means to hold that note out



- 2 sixteenth and an eighth
- 1 count

e +



- One eighth and 2 sixteenths
- One beat

+ a


Common Pairings/Examples

4
4



1 - + 3 + 4

4
4




1 e + a 2 + 3 -

4
4



1 + + 3 -

4
4



1 e + 2 + a 3 -